Completing An NHD Entry - Exhibit

Project Title		
Participate Name(s)		

An exhibit is a visual representation of your research and interpretation of your topic's significance in history. The graphic design highlights the message of the exhibit. The image used for graphic design and color scheme tell the story of the topic.

Emphasis in scoring a History Day entry is placed on historical quality, but the quality of presentation is also important (especially choices regarding the flow of information and visual development of ideas). Part of the job of any historian is to communicate his or her research to others. How can you best SHOW your thesis and findings to an audience? Remember, most people at a History Day event will be viewing your exhibit for the first time. Will they understand what it is all about? Will they understand the focus and the conclusion of your research? Your exhibit should stand on its own in an eye-catching, stimulating yet informative presentation.

An exhibit project includes the exhibit itself, a summary of the thesis and research process (up to 500 words) and the bibliography. The exhibit component must include the display and title board with charts or maps. For school-level competition, the overall size of the exhibit must be 24" wide for the center back panel, 12" wide for each of the side panels, and 36" high. Exhibits should have a title clearly displayed, sections labeled and in a sequence that is easy to understand, and captions under all pictures or visuals—all of which must not exceed 500 student-composed words. Captions with quotes must be footnoted and artifacts identified. It is best to make a scale model of the display before beginning construction. Wired lights, artifacts on the tabletop, chicken wire or other such items are strongly discouraged at the school level to avoid theft or injury.

Before you finalize your project have at least one peer and one adult look at it. Listen to their comments on the clarity of the presentation, impact on the viewer and historical quality. Does the point you are trying to make come across? Changes can and should be made if any of these items are reacted to negatively.



		TASK TO COMPLETE FOR AN EXHIBIT				
Mat	erials					
	Board Size	Project board height must be 36 inches (3 feet). No taller, no shorter				
	Construction Supplies	Obtain 2 color backing paper for text and evidence, rubber cement, and paint for board background design				
	Graphic Design	Complete 'Exhibit Graphic Design' and seek approval from teacher				
Ana	alysis Statements					
	Creating Argument	Transfer key argument sentences to 'Exhibit Mockup Chart' from written paper.				
	Analysis Statements Paragraphs	After teacher approval, create paragraph form analysis statements in a document. Include titles for each paragraph and format. Insert a transition word at the beginning of each point. (CHECK SPELLING AND GRAMMAR)				
	Text Format	Use Arial 18 point font, .5 margin on all sides, 1.5 spacing				
	Word Limit	Check word count of analysis statements including all titles. 600 word maximum (Timeline text counts in word count)				
Evi	dence					
	Visual Evidence	Insert gathered primary source into 'Exhibit Mockup Chart.' Identify source archive and year. Every argument point must by supported by evidence				
	Type of Evidence	Use a variety of evidence including pictures, political cartoons, documents, etc				
		Avoid duplicate images and non-action photos. Quotes support visuals				
Pro	ject Construction					
	Background Design	Complete background design with color, point, drawing, or collage				
	Print Written Evidence	Print analysis statements to include titles as part of text block. Print quotes the same size as analysis statements. Include citation of speaker and role				
	Print Visual Evidence	Resize and print images to no smaller than 3x5 or larger than 4x6. Each piece of evidence must include the citation of archive and year.				
	Project Title	Receive teacher approval for title placement, size, and materials used to display				
	Color Backing	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color. Use only 2 colors				
	Color Backing Exhibit Layout	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color.				
Doo	<u> </u>	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color. Use only 2 colors				
Doo	Exhibit Layout	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color. Use only 2 colors				
Doc	Exhibit Layout cumentation	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color. Use only 2 colors Receive teacher approval of exhibit layout before gluing anything to the board.				
Doc	Exhibit Layout cumentation On Board Citations	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color. Use only 2 colors Receive teacher approval of exhibit layout before gluing anything to the board. Check that all visual evidence has been cited on exhibit Write and type Research Description (500 words) and title page. Print 2 copies				
	Exhibit Layout cumentation On Board Citations Research Description	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color. Use only 2 colors Receive teacher approval of exhibit layout before gluing anything to the board. Check that all visual evidence has been cited on exhibit Write and type Research Description (500 words) and title page. Print 2 copies Print 2 copies of the Annotated Bibliography. Alphabetize and separate into				
	Exhibit Layout cumentation On Board Citations Research Description Annotated Bibliography	Mount all analysis statements on one color. Mount all evidence on another color. Use only 2 colors Receive teacher approval of exhibit layout before gluing anything to the board. Check that all visual evidence has been cited on exhibit Write and type Research Description (500 words) and title page. Print 2 copies Print 2 copies of the Annotated Bibliography. Alphabetize and separate into				

EXHIBIT MOCKUP PLANNING CHART EXHIBIT GRAPHIC DESIGN

An exhibit is a visual representation of your research and interpretation of your topic's significance in history. The graphic design highlights the message of the exhibit. The image used for graphic design and color scheme tell the story of the topic.

GRAPHIC DESIGN					
Visual of Graphic Inspiration		Explanation of Graphic Design			
	Visual Image Description				
	Explain why Image Represents Topic				
	Elements Used to Replicate Image				

COLOR DESIGN						
Visual of Color Inspiration	Visual of Color Inspiration Color Use Scheme					
	Background					
	Analysis Statements					
	Evidence					

EXHIBIT LAYOUT						
PANEL 1	PANEL 2	PANEL 3				
Introduction	Topic	Change 1				
Thesis	Action/Impact 1	Change 2				
Historical Context	Action/Impact 2	Change 3				
	Action/Impact 3	Conclusion				

ANALYSIS STATEMENTS & EVIDENCE

The analysis of your topic must be clear to the viewer. Every point made within your analysis statements must be supported visual or quoted evidence. Use analysis statement labels to show flow of argument. Quotes should be used creatively with visual images to enhance the message of your exhibit. *Click on the following link to go directly to the section.*

TABLE OF CONTEXT						
<u>Introduction</u>	<u>Topic</u>	Change 1				
<u>Thesis</u>	Action/Impact 1	Change 2				
Historical Context	Action/Impact 2	Change 3				
	Action/Impact 3	<u>Conclusion</u>				

	Requirem	ents Explained and Sample				
Topic Sentence	Sentence su	Sentence summarizing the overall cause of the issue				
Analysis: Supporting Point 1		Visual Evidence				
(Begin with transition word)	Action image showing evidence of statement					
One sentence identifying a cause of the issue	Archive	Location of stored evidence	Year	Year produced		
	Link	URL link to location of evidence				
		Textual Evidence				
	Direct quot	e showing evidence of statement				
	Speaker	Who said it or wrote it	Role	Relationship to topic		
	Source	What is the name of the document, sp	eech, ne	wspaper, etc.		
Analysis: Supporting Point 2		Visual Evidence				
After the Civil War, racial segregation laws, known as Jim Crow laws, also continued to divide southern society.		Constant 1				
	Archive	Southern California Library for Social Studies and Research	Year	1950		
	Link http://americanhistory.si.edu/brown/history/1-segregated/jim-crow.html					
	Textual Evidence					
	"All railroads carrying passengers in the state (other than street railroads) shall provide equal but separate accommodations for the white and colored races, by providing two or more passenger cars for each passenger train, or by dividing the cars by a partition, so as to secure separate accommodations."					
	Speaker	Tennessee	Role	Jim Crow Law 1891		
	Source	Source http://www.americanhistory.si.edu/brown/history/1-segregated/det_ail/jim-crow-laws.html				

		Introductio	n		
Time & Place Sentence					
Event Description			Visual Evidence		
	Archive			Year	
	Link		Taraharah Erriaharan		
			Textual Evidence		
	Speaker			Role	
	Source				

	Thesis	
Thesis Statement		

		listorical Co	ntext		
Topic Sentence					
Analysis: Supporting Point 1			Visual Evidence		
	Archive			Year	
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	Speaker			Role	
Analysis O C D 110	Source		\". E :		
Analysis: Supporting Point 2			Visual Evidence		
	Archive			Year	
	Link			1 00.	l
			Textual Evidence		
	Speaker			Role	
	Source			0.0	l

Analysis: Supporting Point 3		Visual Evidence		
	Archive		Year	
	Link			
		Textual Evidence		
		Textual Evidence		
	Speaker		Role	
	Source			
Transition Sentence				

Topic (Triumph or Tragedy)					
Topic Sentence					
Issue Description			Visual Evidence		
	Archive			Year	
	Link		Taytual Evidanaa		
			Textual Evidence		
	Speaker			Role	
	Source				
Event Description (5Ws)			Visual Evidence		
	Archive Link			Year	
	EIIIK		Textual Evidence		
					,
	Speaker Source			Role	
	Source				

Outcome Description		Visual Evidence		
	Archive		Year	
	Link			
		Textual Evidence		
	Speaker		Role	
	Source			
Transition Sentence				

Action for Triumph or Tragic Impacts 1						
Topic Sentence						
Analysis: Supporting Point 1			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
	Link					
			Textual Evidence			
	Speaker			Role		
	Source					
Analysis: Supporting Point 2			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
	Link					
			Textual Evidence			
	Speaker			Role		
	Source					

Analysis: Supporting Point 3		Visual Evidence		
	Archive		Year	
	Link			
		Textual Evidence		
		Textual Evidence		
	Speaker		Role	
	Source			1
Transition Sentence				

Action for Triumph or Tragic Impacts 2						
Topic Sentence						
Analysis: Supporting Point 1			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
	Link					
			Textual Evidence			
	Speaker			Role		
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Analysis: Supporting Point 2			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
	Link		Textual Evidence			
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	Speaker Source			Role		
	Source					

Analysis: Supporting Point 3		Visual Evidence		
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	Archive		Year	
	Link			
		Textual Evidence		
	Speaker		Role	
	Source		TOIC	
	Source			
Transition Sentence				

Action for Triumph or Tragic Impacts 3						
Topic Sentence						
Analysis: Supporting Point 1			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
	Link					
			Textual Evidence			
	Speaker			Role		
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Analysis: Supporting Point 2			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
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	Speaker Source			Role		
	Source					

Analysis: Supporting Point 3		Visual Evidence		
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	Archive		Year	
	Link			
		Textual Evidence		
	Speaker		Role	
	Source		TOIC	
	Source			
Transition Sentence				

(SPICE Type) Change 1						
Topic Sentence						
Analysis: Supporting Point 1			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
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			Textual Evidence			
	Speaker			Role		
	Source					
Analysis: Supporting Point 2			Visual Evidence			
	Archive			Year		
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			Textual Evidence			
	Speaker			Role		
	Source					

(SPICE Type) Change 2						
Topic Sentence						
Analysis: Supporting Point 1			Visual Evidence			
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	Archive			Year		
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	Speaker			Role		
	Source					
Analysis: Supporting Point 2			Visual Evidence			
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	Speaker			Role	<u> </u>	
	Source			IVUIC		
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(SPICE Type) Change 3						
Topic Sentence						
Analysis: Supporting Point 1			Visual Evidence			
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	Archive			Year		
	Link					
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	Speaker		-	Role		
	Source					
Analysis: Supporting Point 2			Visual Evidence			
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			Textual Evidence			
	Speaker			Role	ı	
	Source			11010		

Conclusion					
Summary Sentence			Visual Evidence		
	A la			W	
	Archive Link			Year	
	LIIIK		Textual Evidence		
			Textual Evidence		
	Speaker			Role	
	Source				
Thesis Reworded					
Opinion of Significance					
Opinion of Significance					